

Miller and I propose to start for New York to-morrow and begin our long fight against Miller for \$100,000 for the alienation of his life's affections. I shall reach New York Saturday night, and if Major Miller is still in the same warlike mood I should be happy to meet him as soon as I get off the train. But you can bet he will be on his way to Europe before then. I am confident that he has sent Fitz's wife to Paris and that he will follow by the next steamer. His trip to Franklin alone is a move for over a year. The first time I knew of it was when she was starting for Paris a year ago last May. I was taking her from Chicago to New York to see her safely on the steamer. Just before that we had been down to the train to see Bob off for Salt Lake. Bob cried at parting but I noticed that her eyes were dry.

"When we were on the train I asked her how it was she did not show signs of grief. It was then she tipped off her hand. She said Bob was all right, but it was all off between Bob and herself and that when she got to Paris there would be some one there to look out for her. She asked me to break the news to Bob.

"We had a long talk before we reached New York and I thought I had convinced her she was doing wrong. During the conversation she told me she was in love with Major Charles Miller of Franklin Pa. She said he was a married man and was trying to get a divorce and wanted her to get a divorce from Bob so she could marry him. He told her when she got clear of Bob he would be clear of his wife, as he had grounds that would get him a divorce.

"At that time I also found out they had been friendly for over five years before Bob married her, and having had a quarrel with Miller, she married Bob. It seems they had made up and that all the time Bob was spending his money on her she was seeing this man. She is a had one. She left her first husband on his death bed for this fellow Miller. Her first husband was some sort of a singer. She let him die alone in Altoona, Pa.

"She must be well liked because she has all the diamonds Bob gave her and besides diamonds that were left by Bob's former wife, Rose Julian Fitzsimmons. She also had power to draw on Bob's bank in New York. In the Second National Bank in New York. I guess she has cleared that all up. I am certain about it, as I have not yet been able to communicate with the bank. If she has taken the diamonds belonging to Rose we will round her up, for they belong to the estate in which the children have an interest.

"You may think it strange, but Bob had his suspicions about his wife for over a week. Last week he sent three telegrams to her but she did not answer them. When he asked her to wire out to the Coast and only Bob up, but she did not answer. Her silence was worrying the old fellow. After the fight he told me all he could see in this ring was his wife and that man."

Fitzsimmons is still very much broken up. He said to-night:

"I am going to stay here one week to keep my engagement at a local theatre. Then I shall go direct to New York. There is not much chance of Miller staying in this country, but if he does we will meet as soon as I can meet him, and then there will be something doing. All I want is to get my hands on him. I want also to make my wife divorce jewelry that belonged to my dead wife, as my children have an interest in this."

EMORY CHURCH DEDICATION.

Over \$22,000 Raised Yesterday and the Building Will Have No Mortgage.

The Rev. George G. Vogel, pastor of Emory Methodist Church, at Bergen and Belmont avenues, Jersey City, and his parishioners were happy yesterday over the dedication of their handsome new house of worship. Special services were held in the morning and last evening and the seating capacity of the church (the largest Protestant church in the city) was taxed to the utmost on both occasions.

The event of the day was the announcement that Edward F. Young, the banker, had promised that the sum of \$20,000 would be placed on the building. In the morning pledges and contributions of over \$10,000 had been made. The money was raised and Mr. Young, whose generosity made the erection of the new church possible, will take care of the rest of the cost.

The fine new church organ which Mrs. Young presented to the church was played by Mr. Rudolph B. Blaustein.

Mr. and Mrs. Vogel had as attendants at St. John's Episcopal Church in Summit Avenue.

The programme for the day was changed owing to a slight indisposition of Charles F. Fowler. He attended the morning service, but was not able to preach the sermon. Bishop Charles A. McCabe of Philadelphia, who presided, gave the history of temple building from early days of stone altars down to the present time. The formal dedicatory service was conducted last night by Bishop McCabe. The Rev. W. E. Anderson, secretary of the Board of Education of the Methodist Episcopal Church, preached the sermon. The new Methodist hymnal, just published, was used at both services.

The erection of the church at a cost of \$57,000 was brought about by the activity and energy of the Rev. George G. Vogel, the pastor, who has raised \$65,000 in raising the cost of the parish five years ago.

R. R. SPEED WAR IMMINENT.

Battle Between Santa Fe and Union Pacific Over Mail Carrying Contracts.

CHICAGO, Dec. 24.—Efforts to settle amicably the differences between the Santa Fe and the Union Pacific railroads over the transcontinental mail contracts have been abandoned and a speed war is imminent. The Santa Fe has refused to change its fast schedules, and the Union Pacific, in connection with the Burlington and the new San Pedro route, has been compelled to take steps to meet the Santa Fe's time.

The contracts represent about \$450,000 annually. Additional mails, however, bid fair to become involved, so that the stake is a great one. To prevent the Santa Fe from securing permits under the terms which the Government has already turned over to the new route the Union Pacific, in connection with the Burlington and the new San Pedro route, has been compelled to take steps to meet the Santa Fe's time.

ROBBERS HOLD UP CAR BAR.

Get \$900 From Cash Box, but Fail to Open Safe Holding \$11,000.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Dec. 24.—Early this morning a gang of seven safe blowers entered the despatcher's office of the Toledo Traction Company and looted the place.

After ordering two watchmen and a street car employee to throw up their hands they rifled the cash box of \$900 and made two unsuccessful attempts to gain access to the strong box in the safe, which contained more than \$1,000 in currency.

Two heavy charges of nitro-glycerine failed to open the box.

Richard Powers, watchman, one of the three commanded to throw up his hands, jumped backward through the door and while under cover and summoned assistance.

A wagon load of policemen arrived a few minutes too late to help the robbers.

Headaches and Neuralgia from Colds.

Laxative remedy, the cause of cold and grippe, relieves the worst cold and grippe and looks for signature of E. W. Grove. 25c.

JAMAICA GINGER will cure stomach ache, but it is a mighty poor remedy for scarlet fever.

We have no ready-made plan for all business ailments. We study individual conditions and then prescribe.

You do not obligate yourself in any way by asking us to call and talk it over.

The Adams Company, 1326 Broadway, New York.

TARIFF BILLS IN CONGRESS.

McCLEARY THINKS THAT HIS MEASURE WILL PASS.

Provides for a Maximum and a Minimum Rate, and Will Increase Present Rates Twenty-five Per Cent. for Countries That Discriminate Against Uncle Sam.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Representative McCleary of Minnesota is making confident claims for his maximum and minimum tariff bill. He revised the measure he introduced early in the session and reintroduced it, and has been taking soundings in Congress to learn the sentiment. It is his judgment, after talking with his colleagues in the Ways and Means Committee, and with Senator Aldrich, chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, that if any tariff measure passes this Congress it will be a maximum and minimum bill, which will give the President wide discretion to work out reciprocal trade relations.

Senator Lodge of Massachusetts has reinforced his bill along the same lines. Senator Aldrich has talked to Mr. McCleary about the bill, and is said to be ready to speed the measure in the Senate as soon as it is disposed of by the House.

"I have argued up and down both sides of the question," said Mr. McCleary to-day. "I am unable to see how Germany could do otherwise than accept our terms, if my bill should become a law, and I have good reasons for believing that it will become a law. It provides for an increase of 25 per cent. over the present Dingley rates on articles coming into the United States which are the growth or product of the soil or industry of any country discriminating against any export or exports of the United States. My bill is directly opposite to that offered the first day of the session by Representative Williams of Mississippi proposing to levy only four-fifths of the Dingley rates on articles imported from countries that gave our products for sale or consumption within its borders the least or minimum rate.

"Mr. Williams' bill was voted down the other day in the Ways and Means Committee when offered as a rider to the Philippine tariff bill, as Mr. Williams knew it would be. The vote, however, does not mean that we are hostile to the idea of a maximum and minimum tariff. I am working on the matter, and am convinced there is considerable sentiment for such a law. A little later in the session I expect to be able to go ahead with the bill and to secure the approval of the House for a maximum tariff of 25 per cent. higher than the present rates."

CHRISTMAS AT WHITE HOUSE.

President Will Receive Few Callers During the Holidays.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Following the custom which he established in 1901, the year of his induction into office, President Roosevelt will transact only the most necessary public business during holiday week and will receive few visitors in his office. Informal notice was given two or three days ago that the President would deny his home to all visitors during the week beginning to-day, except those who come on urgent business. Mr. Roosevelt will go to his office each morning for an hour or two, but he will devote the afternoons largely to recreation in the open air.

Christmas morning the younger children of the household are expected to go to the home of Capt. W. S. Cowles, the oldest of the President's children, who will have a Christmas tree. Dinner will be served at the usual hour at the White House to-morrow night and it will be a happy family gathering. There will be no invited guests—possibly Captain and Mrs. Cowles and a few intimate friends of the family. There will be no Christmas dinner at the White House, but the members of the family will exchange gifts in the morning and the day will be given over to merrymaking.

The President attended the morning service at Grace Reformed Church this morning, and accompanied by Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., and Kermit, the second son, who are here, the President and the Groton School respectively for the holidays, he went out for a long walk in the country this afternoon. Mrs. Roosevelt and the younger children went out for a drive.

PARTY ROW IN INDIANA.

Fairbanks May Take a Hand in Contest Over State Chairmanship.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Vice-President Fairbanks will leave for Indiana to-morrow to remain several days. The annual Republican "love feast" will occur December 29, when the State politicians will meet at Indianapolis to exchange views and hear speeches. The Vice-President will probably remain for this meeting. A fight is on for the State chairmanship, which is to be settled early in January.

James P. Goodrich, present State chairman, and Mr. Fairbanks's friend, is being opposed by Mr. A. H. Shreve, a Republican, and the party is divided into warring factions. It is supposed that the Vice-President felt his presence was necessary under the circumstances.

Rubber Tire Makers Complain of Freight Charges.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 24.—The Fisk Rubber Company of Chicopee Falls has filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission a complaint against railways operating west of Chicago and charging unreasonable and discriminating rates on rubber tires for bicycles and vehicles. The complaint is one of seven distinct charges and is based on the ground that the rates on rubber tires from the territory in which the defendant companies operate is excessive, chiefly because of classification.

The action taken by the Fisk company is not in any way connected with the present railroad rate agitation, and its only significance is in the classification of rubber tires. While the Fisk Rubber Company is the complainant in this case, practically all the rubber interests in the country are interested and are in sympathy with the movement and are parties to this action.

Singing Evangelist Here.

C. M. Alexander, the singing evangelist, who, with the Rev. Dr. Torrey, has been making thousands of converts through mission work in Australia and England, arrived yesterday from Liverpool aboard the Canarder Caronia. When he left Liverpool hundreds of folk who had been instrumental in converting, came down to the pier to bid him adieu. In his position, the "Glory Song." He will join the Rev. Dr. Torrey, who recently arrived from England.

FEDERAL INSURANCE CONTROL.

DRYDEN DOESN'T FAVOR ANY OF THE BILLS INTRODUCED.

Says to Give Postmaster-General the Right to Decide Whether Companies Can Use the Mails Would Be to Put Too Much Power into the Hands of One Man.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Senator John F. Dryden of New Jersey has little confidence in the bills thus far proposed to regulate the affairs of insurance companies.

There is a bill by Senator Millard of Nebraska which proposes to create the Department of Insurance under the Department of Commerce and Labor, with a commissioner of insurance at a salary of \$5,000. Representative Butler Ames (Mass.) has a bill patterned after Senator Millard's, and Representative Morrell (Pa.) has introduced one to require life insurance companies under penalties to return 50 per cent. of the premium money paid on any policy that may lapse. Representative Robinson has a joint resolution to appoint a committee of Congress to investigate insurance companies.

Senator Dryden favors Federal control, but he doesn't approve any of the bills suggested. He is specifically opposed to Representative Ames's bill and sees defects in the bill by Representative Charles Russell Davis of St. Peter, Minn., introduced just before the holiday recess, providing in principle that insurance companies not living up to certain regulations prescribed by Congress should be deprived of the use of the United States mails.

"Neither bill would, in my judgment, reach the evils complained of," said Senator Dryden to-day. "By the provision of Col. Ames's bill, as it has been outlined to us, no company would get a license to do business in the District of Columbia, the Territories, or the islands, unless it first came to a certain Federal code for the States. Even if the larger companies would seek to secure licenses to do business in the District of Columbia, the Territories, or the islands, with the idea that such a license would enhance its standing in the States, such a law would not reach the many bad companies constantly springing up and defying the laws in the States.

"There is a class of these companies that do business in a given State till driven out of it by the insurance authorities. They move to another State, continuing operations as long as they are tolerated and then moving on again. What would they care for such a law as Col. Ames proposes?"

"But it is a question whether the law, if enacted, would have a very great effect upon the larger companies. I suppose most of them are doing considerable business in the Territories and the islands, but compared with their entire business, it is only a drop in the bucket, and it would probably prove impracticable to regulate the operations of these companies in the States by prescribing regulations applicable directly only in a much smaller territory.

"The bill to exclude insurance companies from the use of the mails unless they observe certain Federal regulations, as proposed in the bill by Representative Ames, would place enormous power in the hands of one official, the Postmaster-General. I should not think it advisable to permit any one man to say whether or not a company of the country should be cut off from mailing privileges.

"I see but one way to regulate insurance companies by the Government, if they are to be regulated at all. That is through the power given to regulate interstate commerce. I hold that that would be constitutional, but am well aware of the difference of opinion on that point and that it would have to be settled by the courts."

SPAIN'S MOROCCAN INTERESTS.

Foreign Minister Says They Will Be Carefully Guarded at the Algeirien Conference.

MADRID, Dec. 24.—In the Senate to-day Senator Almoneda, Minister of Foreign Affairs, declared that the Spanish representatives at Algeirien would defend historic Spanish rights. Spain was not, he added, involved in any dangerous adventures. Her pacific action was assured by many guarantees, but she must share in the international concert, and must be prepared for it.

She was concerned with the Atlantic coast of Morocco equally with the Mediterranean coast because the Canary Islands were opposite the former. She therefore would not allow the hand of a foreign power to acquire sovereignty there. He did not believe the Moroccan conference would deny this.

The Minister again emphatically stated that Spain's action would be limited to the defense of her existing rights. These would be guarded under all circumstances.

ARRESTED 19 TIMES IN A MONTH.

Woman Complains That the Police Nab Her Whenever She Leaves Home.

"How many times have you been here this week, Blanche?" Magistrate Moss asked a young woman who was before him in the Yorkville police court yesterday on a charge of loitering.

"Five times, your Honor. I can't put my nose outside the door but a detective grabs me. I managed to get to Keith's Theatre last night without being arrested and I thought I was lucky. But I was arrested on my way home. I wasn't doing anything."

Detective Muller of the Fifth street station said he saw her loitering on East Fourteenth street, and knowing her to be a streetwalker, arrested her.

A hasty inspection of the court records showed that the woman had been arrested thirteen times in the past month. Each time she was bailed out. In court she was usually fined from \$1 to \$5.

"Why don't you leave that kind of a life or else move out of that precinct?" the Magistrate asked her.

"I am arrested if I go to the grocery store, or go to visit a friend, or go out for a walk. Why don't the detectives give me a chance to live?" she responded.

"I'll let you off with a one dollar fine this time," announced the Court.

Frederick H. Owen Breaks Down.

Frederick H. Owen, 52 years old, a civil engineer, of 15 East Seventeenth street, suffered a complete nervous breakdown yesterday afternoon and was taken to Bellevue Hospital. His brother, Walter T. Owen, a broker, of 400 Central Park West, said last night that his condition was due to overwork.

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WOODRUFF LASHES DADY.

Says He Will Fight the Colonel and Show Up His Crowd.

STRAUSE, N. Y., Dec. 24.—"I will fight Col. Michael J. Dady from now until the primaries in September," said Timothy L. Woodruff to-day. "I will show his crowd up. I am forced to this by the futile attempt of him and his henchmen to deliver the thirteen Assemblymen of Kings county to the forces opposed to the selection of James W. Wadsworth as Speaker."

"I have not been asleep for the last two years, although some people might have thought so from the fact that my business interests have forced me to spend considerable of my time in Syracuse. I was determined once for all to settle the position of the Republican organization in Kings county. Eleven at least of the thirteen Assemblymen are pledged to the election of Wadsworth."

"The election of Mr. Parsons to the county committee presidency in New York completely frustrated our opponents and sent them to smithereens. The election of Mr. Wadsworth is assured beyond a doubt. He is a capable, clean, young man and will give the State satisfaction. The caucus called by Odell," added Mr. Woodruff, "resulted in thirty-five Assemblymen attending. Only one Assemblyman from Kings county was present. I edged out Mr. Higgins on Friday and I am in a position to say that there will be absolutely no compromise in the matter."

COL. DADY GETS BACK.

Nothing to Say of Woodruff's Severance of Their Political Partnership.

Col. Michael J. Dady, who visited President Roosevelt in Washington on Saturday, returned to Brooklyn yesterday morning. During his absence on Saturday the fact was made public of former Lieut.-Gov. Timothy L. Woodruff's action in severing his political partnership with Dady. Col. Dady was asked if he had anything to say regarding the new situation. He said he did not care to discuss politics and that he would not until possibly Tuesday, as he had to go down on Long Island to-day to look after some work he was interested in. He refused to be drawn into a political argument.

Dady's warm supporters in the Republican executive committee are D. Harry Ralston of the First district, William J. Boggs of the Second, R. H. Laund of the Third, Michael J. Wheeler of the Fourth and Harry Jacquard of the Fifth. The First is against Mr. Woodruff, the Second is in doubt, as it is a hotbed of reformers. Mr. Woodruff would control the sixteen other Assembly districts.

Dady has been a strong "Odell man," said one of the leaders yesterday, "but he is also very friendly with ex-Police Commissioner William J. Boggs. I don't see how Mr. Woodruff can make a fight just at this time to show that he is still Odell's man in Kings county, but I'll venture that before month's end he will be on his feet as strongly in favor of Woodruff. There are business reasons why Dady cannot afford to fight either Mr. Woodruff or Mr. Phillips."

BLOOD ON HUNGARY'S MOON.

Marcus Braun Impelled to Have Lajos Steiner Arrested Again.

Marcus Braun, president of the Hungarian Republican Club, and Special Immigration Commissioner, had Lajos Steiner of 91 Freeman street arrested yesterday on a charge of libel. Steiner is an insurance agent, a native of Hungary, who has lived five years in this country and leads a lively political organization.

Mr. Braun said last night that this was the second time he had had Steiner arrested.

"When I was abroad last spring," he said last night, "Steiner sent a typewritten statement to the newspapers assailing me as a criminal and stating that I had been arrested in New York for stealing. The newspapers paid no attention to it and Steiner then had the bulk of the statement printed in the form. He circulated 20,000 to 30,000 copies."

"I had him arrested on December 8, and was induced by his attorneys to let the case drag along in the belief that the attack would be discontinued. But since then Steiner has renewed his attacks."

The prisoner was released on bail furnished by Morris Schwartz of 80 Second avenue.

H. C. DUVAL REMAINS

In the Service of New York Central as Long as He May Care To.

Horace C. Duval, it was learned last night, is to remain with the New York Central Railroad Company until March, and for that matter is to remain after that time as long as he cares to. Two very important positions have been made to Mr. Duval, asking him to take charge of important departments of the New York Central. Mr. Duval has the propositions under consideration. Influential persons who for years have been powerful factors in the management of the Central, have, however, it was learned, made similar propositions to Mr. Duval that he should become directly connected with downtown financial institutions.

Society of the Genesee Dinner.

The annual dinner of the Society of the Genesee will be held on January 27 at the Waldorf, and will be given in honor of Gen. Stewart L. Woodford. The speakers who have promised to attend are President Finley of the City College, James M. Beck, Bishop Greer, Talcott Williams, Edward M. Grout and Dr. MacArthur. It is expected that Gen. Porter, Judge Parker and ex-Gov. Black will make short addresses.

FIGHTING GOES ON IN MOSCOW

Continued from First Page.

the capital, but the authorities were wide awake and the members of the revolutionary government suddenly found themselves in jail.

The first incident of the strife occurred on Friday night, when troops surrounded a schoolhouse in Moscow where 500 armed revolutionists had assembled to discuss their plans, the main features of which were to seize the railway, rush on trains to St. Petersburg, occupy the municipality, storm the State Bank, depose the Czar and form a provisional government.

START OF THE FIGHTING.

The plan was to have been executed at dawn on Saturday, but the troops surrounded the building at 10 o'clock Friday night and summoned the rebels to surrender. Upon their refusal an hour was given for them to consider. At the expiration of that time the rebels, without warning, fired a score of rifle and revolver shots at their besiegers, following these with a bomb, which killed two officers and others. Artillery was then brought and battered the schoolhouse.

Many of the rebels fled by way of the back yard, but it was not until 8 o'clock Saturday morning that the house was finally occupied. One hundred and twenty armed men were arrested. The others were released.

The next incident of the struggle was the throwing of a bomb at the police office. An inspector and some policemen were killed. Then followed an attack on the Nikolai railway terminus, whence the Revolutionists were to have started for St. Petersburg. This was repulsed, the attackers losing many wounded. Other forces in various parts of the city began to operate one after the other and isolated battles raged.

The revolutionists displayed an astonishing degree of activity and marvellous organizing power. It is not an exaggeration to affirm that Moscow was almost taken by them Friday night, and if the authorities had not been wide awake or the military less trustworthy the Russian Empire might have had two governments to-day.

MOB SHOWS COURAGE.

The desperate courage of the mob at the barricades was marvellous. Here units, there tens, would slay forth while thousands scamped off, leaving the streets empty, but would soon after reassemble, full of heroism, and fire on the soldiers as fearless as before against enormous odds, eager to accomplish the impossible or die.

Then cannon would once more begin to boom, shaking the most solid houses. From behind any and every cover the shooting proceeded, the troops being more exposed than the rebels and immeasurably better armed but after a time a number of soldiers took to cover.

A military cordon tried to exclude the public from the area of fighting, but curiosity was intense and many, eluding the vigilance of the troops, smuggled themselves into the field of fire, where they were mowed down with the actual rebels. In this manner little street arabs, peaceful women and curious old men met death unexpectedly.

In the evening the hospitals were filled with wounded, as were also a number of private dwellings. All the doctors of the city were engaged in treating them. Some of the victims were mutilated. Many died in a few hours.

Several of the dead will be buried without their identity being established. There is mourning in many houses of the ancient Russian capital to-night.

During all this needless effusion of blood in the centre of Moscow people were shopping, visiting, chatting, reading and eating in all other parts of the capital as if nothing in particular were going on.

The events are the most important manifestations of Russian anarchy that have been shown heretofore. They will prove, as the anarchists themselves truly affirm, decisive. So far as can be judged it will all end in the complete defeat of the anarchists, who will be silenced in Russia, probably for several years.

MOSCOW CUT OFF FROM CAPITAL.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Times, in a despatch sent at 7:50 Sunday evening, says that telegraphic communication with Moscow has ceased. The latest reports indicated that the Government forces were not able to cope with the revolutionists, but there is nothing to show trustworthy that the latter are able to gain complete mastery.

BREAK IN STRIKERS' RANKS.

Some of the Mill Employees in the St. Petersburg District to Resume Work.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 23. [Delayed.]—The present strike manifests features that were absent from the first two. There is marked unwillingness on the part of general laborers to cooperate with the skilled mechanics. The former are suspicious of the presence of the Jewish band among the signatories of the summons to strike.

At several meetings outside the work yards to-day some of the speakers contended that since the first leaders were arrested the workmen had been used by the band to further its special programme.

In consequence of the prevalence of this feeling, most of the employees of the factories in the outer circle of the city will begin work on Monday. The printers, engineers, etc., will, however, energetically maintain the strike.

The waiters in the hotels and restaurants joined the movement this afternoon. Most of the principal restaurants are closed, while others the customers wait on themselves.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 24. While Russia is in the throes of civil strife, St. Petersburg itself is the quietest spot in the empire, except Finland. The strike is hardly felt here. The railway and street cars are running. Only the waiters' strike is in evidence. This quietness is attributed to the arrest of the revolutionary leaders and the presence of a huge force of troops. It is, however, too soon to assume that the revolutionary movement has broken down here. The events in Moscow may have a powerful influence in a few hours.

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STRIKE REACHES ODESSA.

Waterworks, Flour Mills and Bakeries Not to Be Affected.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

ODESSA, Dec. 24.—The strike of the postal and telegraph employees here ended to-day in a temporary victory for the Government, after lasting twenty-six days. Immediately afterward a political strike began in response to instructions from St. Petersburg to Moscow.

All trades and professions were ordered to join, except the employees of the waterworks, flour mills and bakeries. The order, likewise, did not include those engaged in medical services.

There have been no trains from or to St. Petersburg and Moscow for three days. It is expected that the entire railway service will be tied up to-night.

CALL FOR ARMED REVOLT.

Proclamation Issued by the Socialists at Warsaw—Strike on There.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

WARSAW, Dec. 24.—A joint proclamation has been issued by the Socialist parties calling for an armed revolt.

Parties of Socialists paraded this evening. They entered cafes and ordered their owners to close, declaring that a general strike had begun. The railroads are still working.

CLOSE SHAVE FOR THE BO'SN.

Larsen of the Calumet Falls into the East River—Ladder Went With Him.

John Larsen, bo's'n of the revenue boarding cutter Calumet, who wears a bronze medal for participation in the rescue of the torpedo boat Winslow in the Spanish-American War while he was a member of the crew of the cutter Hudson, was minutes struggling in the icy waters of the bay yesterday morning,